



Maryland

# Survivor Toolkit

*A Guide For Child Sex Abuse Survivors Who Are Considering Legal Action*



The new laws go into effect on October 1, 2023



# What Is Maryland's Child Victims Act (CVA)?

## The Law Explained:

This new law will benefit **ALL** victims of child sex abuse in Maryland. The law eliminates the civil statute of limitations for sexual abuse of a minor and opens a permanent revival window with damage caps of \$1.5 million for expired claims for non-economic damages. There is no cap for economic damages. If abused by a state actor, the damages are capped at \$890,000 per incident (public schools, foster care, law enforcement). The law does not cover claims where the victim is deceased.

## SOL Before the Law:

The civil SOL for CSA claims was age thirty-eight against all defendants, with additional evidentiary requirements for claims against non-perpetrator defendants when a victim was over age twenty-five.

## New Civil SOL:

All survivors whose claims have not yet expired, and future victims of child sex abuse can file a lawsuit at any age or time. Adults of all ages can file suit starting on October 1, 2023, even if they were abused many years ago and their claim was already expired.

**THESE CHANGES TAKE EFFECT ON OCTOBER 1, 2023**

\*This is not legal advice. To determine the SOL in a particular sex abuse case, contact a lawyer in Maryland.

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# How Will Maryland's New Law Help You?

## **Are you a Maryland survivor of child sex abuse?**

If you were abused in Maryland at any time, you will have the right to file a civil lawsuit for your abuse against any party -- your abuser, other individual, organization, institution, or the government. You will benefit from the civil SOL elimination and permanent revival window and can file a lawsuit against any party for your abuse whenever you are ready.

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# 10 Things to Remember

- 1 You are not alone.** About 1 in 5 girls and 1 in 13 boys are sexually abused. 86% of child sexual abuse is never reported and those who do report often cannot come forward until adulthood.
- 2 The brain adapts to trauma in order to cope,** and that coping may manifest in PTSD, depression, anxiety, or other ways.
- 3 It's never too late to report abuse.** You can contact the local police department in the town where you were abused and tell them what happened at any time.
- 4 Take good care of yourself.** Consider seeing a therapist and encourage loved ones to do the same. Practice self-care, like exercising regularly, mindfulness, limiting alcohol and recreational drugs, and seeking social support through a survivor support group.
- 5 The court system may not understand your needs.** Some officials will have received trauma-informed training, some will not.
- 6 The legal system is a lot of “hurry up and wait.”** It is normal to be asked to produce information quickly, and then not hear from your lawyer for a while.
- 7 The litigation process can take time.** Your case may resolve quickly or slowly depending on your state and other factors.
- 8** There may be triggers during litigation that cause you to re-experience the initial trauma. This **re-traumatization can be treated** through proper therapy.
- 9 You control your story.** Your attorney and therapist will be bound by certain confidentiality rules and you may have the option to file a lawsuit under a pseudonym to protect your identity.
- 10 Your attorney works for YOU.** If you are offered a settlement, your attorney can only settle your case with your permission after you approve the monetary amount. If you receive settlement funds, this is American justice. You deserve to be compensated for harm.

# 10 Resources to Trust

- 1 CHILD USA:** [www.childusa.org](http://www.childusa.org)  
Although CHILD USA cannot represent you in your legal action, we have additional resources to support you, your lawyer, your therapist, and your loved ones. Please share our website with your social support team.
- 2 Survivors Network of those Abused by Priests (SNAP):** [www.snapnetwork.org](http://www.snapnetwork.org)  
For those interested in connecting with other survivors, contact SNAP at [www.snapnetwork.org/events](http://www.snapnetwork.org/events) to be included in a virtual support group, or to meet survivors.
- 3 CHILD USA Advocacy:** [www.childusadvocacy.org](http://www.childusadvocacy.org)  
To get involved in advocating for better child protection laws, including SOLs.
- 4** For free **access to research** often needed in child abuse cases visit: [www.nationalcac.org](http://www.nationalcac.org)
- 5** To find a local **Child Advocacy Center** visit: [www.nationalchildrensalliance.org/](http://www.nationalchildrensalliance.org/)
- 6** The **National Sexual Assault Telephone Hotline:** 1-800-656-HOPE (4673)
- 7 The National Center for Victims of Crime (NCVC):** [www.victimsofcrime.org/](http://www.victimsofcrime.org/)
- 8 The National Suicide Prevention Hotline:** 1-800-273-8255
- 9 The National Center for Exploited and Missing Children:** [www.missingkids.org/gethelpnow](http://www.missingkids.org/gethelpnow)
- 10 Rape, Abuse, & Incest National Network (RAINN):** [www.rainn.org](http://www.rainn.org)

# 10 Terms to Know

- 1 Child Sex Abuse (CSA):** Any sexual activity with a minor (like fondling, intercourse, exposing oneself, masturbating, obscene calls, messages, or digital contact, vaginal, anal, or oral sex, sex trafficking, producing or possessing child sexual abuse material (CSAM), or any other harmful sexual conduct).
- 2 Delayed Disclosure of Abuse:** the common phenomenon where survivors of child sex abuse wait for years, often well into adulthood, before telling anyone they were abused. The average age of disclosure is 52 years-old.
- 3 Statute of Limitation (SOL):** a law that sets the amount of time after a person is abused that: (1) the person can file a civil lawsuit for their injury, or (2) the government can criminally prosecute an abuser and others for their crimes.
- 4 Criminal Prosecution:** The state or federal government may prosecute by filing criminal charges against a person or entity for their crimes relating to child sex abuse. Punishment for criminals could involve jail time, fines, or restorative justice.
- 5 Civil Lawsuit:** A survivor of child sex abuse may file a claim against an abuser, other individual, entity or the government to recover money damages or seek other remedies for abuse-related injuries.
- 6 Discovery Rule:** A law that says the SOL time countdown doesn't begin until a person is aware of their injuries relating to child sex abuse or makes the connection that their injuries were caused by abuse.
- 7 Injuries Caused by Child Sex Abuse:** Injuries can include physical and mental health issues, like STDs, depression, anxiety, PTSD, addiction, and difficulty participating in relationships, work, or community.
- 8 Defendant:** A person or institution that is sued for child sex abuse. A defendant can be an **abuser**, a person who sexually abused a child, or other individuals or institutions that knew about or enabled the abuse. **Institutions** can be a private organization (like a business, non-profit company, or religious institution) or a public organization (like a government agency or public school).
- 9 SOL Extension or Elimination Laws:** Laws that change the SOL to give survivors more time to file claims for abuse-related injuries. **Extension** laws lengthen the SOL so that it expires later, while **elimination** laws completely remove the SOL so that there is no limit for when claims can be filed.
- 10 Revival Laws:** Laws that establish a specific period of time during which survivors can bring previously-expired civil claims to court. When the revival period is a set amount of time after the law is passed, it is called a **revival window**, and claims can be filed while the window is open. States have opened windows for a few years or permanently. When the revival period is set at a survivor's age, it is called a **revival age limit**, and claims can be filed until a survivor reaches that specific age. The age states choose ranges from 27-55.

# Join CHILD USA in Our Fight to End Child Abuse and Neglect

## VISIT CHILD USA'S HAMILTON LIBRARY

The Hamilton Library is the only library on child sex abuse, curated by experts to inform survivors, parents, advocates, lawyers, lawmakers, teachers, coaches, or anyone that might be around children. It contains a selection of books (both fiction and nonfiction), documentaries, videos, articles, and online resources that are respected, illuminating, and informative. The library is continually updated, free, and open to the public.

Visit the Hamilton Library at:  
<https://childusa.org/library>

## JOIN THE SOL REFORM MOVEMENT

The Sean P. McIlmail Research Institute at CHILD USA was founded in 2018 with a generous donation from the parents of Sean McIlmail, a brave clergy sex abuse victim who passed away from a drug overdose while awaiting justice. Due to Pennsylvania's exceedingly short SOLs, Sean was the only person in statute that could prosecute Fr. Robert Brennan of the Philadelphia Archdiocese. The Institute, which will help preserve Sean's legacy, is dedicated to studying and analyzing SOLs to fight for access to justice for all child sex abuse victims. For more information on SOL reform, visit [childusa.org/sol](https://childusa.org/sol). To get involved in advocating for better SOLs in your state, please contact our sister organization, CHILD USA Advocacy, at [info@childusadvocacy.org](mailto:info@childusadvocacy.org).

